THE MEGA-JORDAN SYSTEM:

• Provides a tool for monitoring, protection, and management of archaeological sites
• Creates a countrywide site inventory
• Records boundaries and buffer zones of sites and their elements
• Is Web-based for wide access
• Is designed for easy use without specialized training
• Has a bilingual, Arabic-English interface
• Allows electronic input from the field
• Exports and imports data in various formats
• Delivers detailed, real time site-condition reports
• Aids in developing national research strategies and priorities
• Establishes national documentation standards
• Assists in planning for development and tourism
• Facilitates data sharing with other institutions, including other Jordanian government agencies
• Offers a resource for international researchers
• Uses open source software with no licensing fees
• Can be easily customized
• Is designed for adaptation and use by other countries
• Is fully compatible with other GIS tools such as ESRI’s ArcView, Quantum GIS, and Google Earth™.

MEGA-JORDAN has been developed through partnerships between the Getty Conservation Institute, World Monuments Fund, and the Jordanian Department of Antiquities.
MEGA-Jordan is more than an inventory system. It is also designed to help monitor and manage sites...

Implementation of MEGA-Jordan will position Jordan as a regional leader in the use of sophisticated technology to inventory and manage archaeological heritage.

MEGA-Jordan uses open source software, which means that its software code is not exclusively owned. This allows it to be updated, modified, and customized to meet future needs at little or no cost. The core MEGA software has been designed so that it can, independent of the Jordanian system, be freely and readily customized for use by other countries. It is fully compatible with all standard GIS tools, facilitating data sharing among government agencies and researchers.

The system offers various levels of user access based on user roles—i.e., some users will have full access to all data and the ability to add and edit sites and their attributes, approve new sites, run administrative reports, and export data, while others may only have access to search and view the data.

Development of MEGA-Jordan is complete and will be implemented nationwide within the offices of the Jordanian Department of Antiquities (DoA). It currently contains legacy data imported from the DoA's previous system, JADIS, and provides information on over 10,800 locations throughout the Kingdom.

The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan's archaeological heritage is among the world's richest. In order to efficiently manage these priceless resources while protecting and preserving them for future generations, Jordan needs a comprehensive up-to-date record of the location and characteristics of each archaeological site.

The Middle Eastern Geodatabase for Antiquities (MEGA) – Jordan is a custom-built geographic information system (GIS) specifically designed to inventory, manage, and protect Jordan's archaeological sites at the national level.

This Web-based system, which is bilingual (Arabic and English), standardizes and centralizes archaeological data throughout Jordan, making it readily available to a range of users, including the Jordanian Department of Antiquities leadership and staff, government ministries and authorities, and researchers. MEGA-J has been developed using state-of-the-art technology and is easy to use and requires no specialized training. With basic computer skills, users can enter information about each site, including boundaries and buffer zones; record details such as periods, ownership, condition and threats; recommend monitoring schedules; and instantly produce detailed, up-to-date reports on Jordan's archaeological resources, ranging from an individual site to a nationwide level.

MEGA-Jordan is more than an inventory system. It is also designed to help monitor and manage sites to protect them against a range of threats, including urban encroachment. Its implementation will position Jordan as a regional leader in the use of sophisticated technology to inventory and manage archaeological heritage.