

# New-York Historical Society: 8000 sheets digitised



by Caterina Sbrana.

In my latest article I have been talking about the digital collection of the New-York Historical Society. During my research I was really captivated by a collection containing over 8,000 sheets, collected since 1816, that you can consult in the website freely.

This collection includes several categories: colonial objects, events in the history of the nation, European and American birds, landscapes, cityscapes, portraits, some portraying historical figures and many self-portraits of artists, illustrations of literary or journalistic works, graffiti and documentary Civil War sketches.

Among the highlights we can find 500 watercolours by John James Audubon, his largest repository in the world; 221 drawings of George Catlin about Native American culture; 350 drawings and sketchbooks of Asher B. Durand; including important drawings by Hudson River School artists such as Thomas Cole, Jasper Cropsey, and John Frederick Kensett.

One of the Museum's crown jewels is its drawing collection, numbering over 8,000 sheets. Collected since 1816, this distinctive trove is the country's earliest public drawing collection. It is also one of the finest, whose strength resides in its unparalleled late 18th- and early 19th-century material to furnish a comprehensive survey of American art from its inception, dominated by European artists, up through the 1860s, by which time native-born artists had asserted an American identity. Stellar clusters after that time include around 640 drawings by James Carroll Beckwith, ten of which are the earliest portraits of John Singer Sargent known; six sheets by Sargent and watercolors by Louis Comfort Tiffany. Beginning with rare colonial objects collected for their historical interest, the collection documents major events in the history of the nation. It also records the cultural firmament, including the highly significant 217 16th-century watercolors of European birds by Pierre Eskrich and colleagues collected by their donor that antedate the publication of the first printed ornithological treatises.

Audubon was an extraordinary lover and observer of birds and nature.

The drawing section is divided into: About, Hightlights, Has image and Full collection. With its 243 pages the full collection allows you to view drawings in different ways. We can view the drawings by filtering the search by title, date, object name. In this way the drawing appears on the left, then the title, the date and object number on the right.

Civil Defense Volunteer Organization Uniform

Date: 1942-1945  
Object Number: 1946.89a-c  
Medium: Wool, silk, metal

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In the other way you can see only the images of the drawings; passing over them with the mouse, without clicking, we acquire some information about the work such as the title, the date, the author. In both modes you can acquire more information by clicking on the image. It is also possible to either send the image to a friend or order it in a digital version.



► President Abraham Lincoln's Coffin Lying in State at the White House, Washington, D.C.

**OBJECT NUMBER:** 1945-580.44  
**ARTIST/MAKER:** Unidentified Artist  
**DATE:** April 1865  
**MEDIUM:** Graphite on paper  
**DIMENSIONS:** Overall: 7 3/8 x 9 11/16 in. (18.7 x 24.6 cm)  
**INSCRIPTIONS:** Inscribed at lower center: "President Lincolns Coffin"; various annotations about colors and flowers; verso inscribed at upper center: "Presidt Lincolns Coffin / Washington D.C. / at the White House"  
**DESCRIPTION:** Civil War Drawings Collection; see also .25, .51 for views of Lincoln's funerals in Chicago and Springfield  
**CREDIT LINE:** Purchase, James B. Wilbur Fund  
**PROVENANCE:** John T. Kavanaugh Collection, Rutherford, New Jersey, 1945

<https://www.nyhistory.org/exhibit/president-abraham-lincolns-coffin-lying-state-white-house-washington-dc>

To conclude, the collection furnishes a comprehensive survey of American art from its Inception, dominated by European artists, up through the 1860s, by which time native-born artists had asserted an American identity.

Louise Mirrer, President and CEO of the New-York Historical Society, presenting the exhibition titled *Silicon City* wrote *that ?the future? very quickly becomes history, and that history is all too easily lost.*

I agree with this thought, and I would add that history can continue to live in the second reality that humanity has created: virtual reality.

Visit the website: <https://www.nyhistory.org>