

Digisam - Swedish National Coordination of Digitisation, Digital Preservation and Digital Access to Cultural Heritage

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Digisam

Digisam - Coordination Secretariat for digitisation, digital preservation and digital access will coordinate the work with national digital strategy and between 2012-2015:

- Present recommendations for coordinated digital information management of collections and holdings.
- Develop proposals for cost-effective long-term digital preservation of collections and holdings.
- Define roles and responsibilities for the work on aggregation, access and preservation of digital cultural heritage information.

Coordinated digital information management for cultural heritage sector



- Mass digitisation
- Information should be:
 - standardised
 - searchable
 - of high quality
- Storage and/or preservation

Building labourer on a stone being hoisted up to building, Pitt St, Sydney, c. 1930s, by Sam Hood No known copyright restrictions.

Digital information management - description of digital information

Information in content management systems:

- Richness of information
- Specific systems & standards on:
 - Institutional level
 - Domain level
 - Country level
- Metadata/data
- Preservation perspective
- = need for common best practices in the management of collections for preserving them and making them accessible and usable

Digital information management - digital preservation

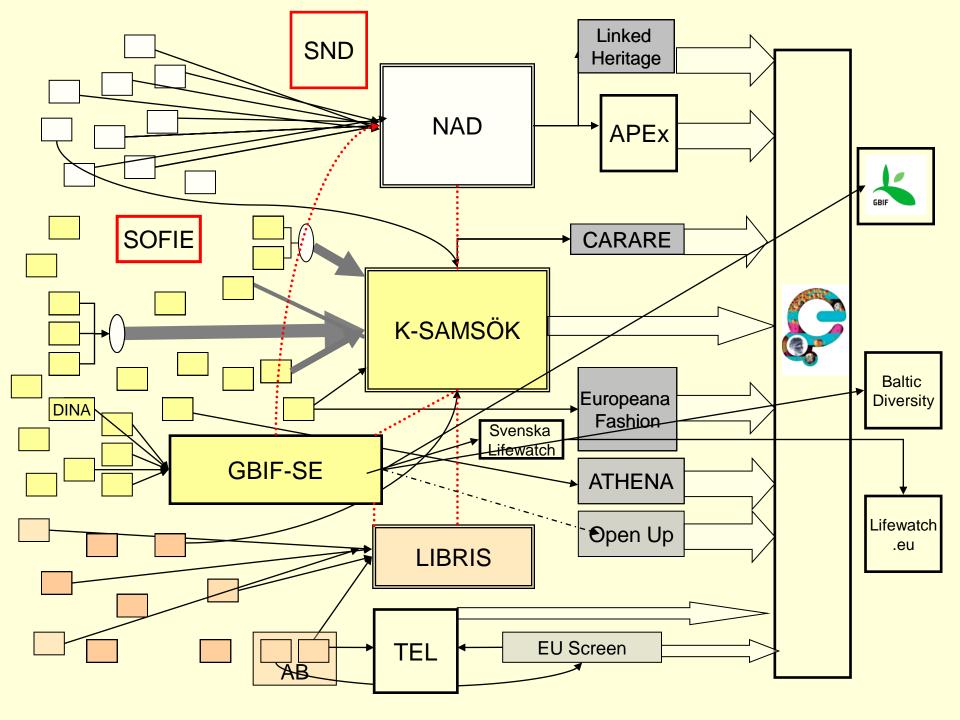
Issues:

- coordination of digital preservation issues (standards, etc) for cultural heritage and increasing accesibility and value of the digital material.
- technical infrastructure and increased knowledge about digital preservation
- roadmap for digital preservation

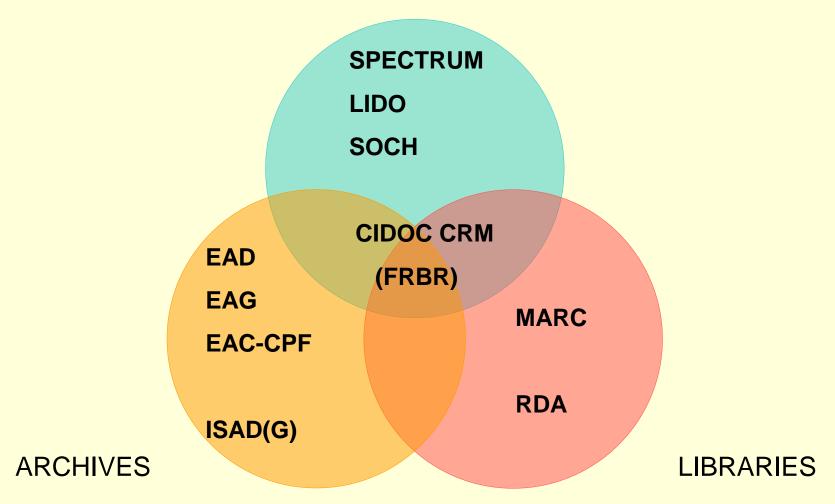
Pilot study on digital preservation

Preservation - Accessibility -Interoperability

- Preservation is a pre-condition for accessiblity and usability
- Interoperability is important, but technically challenging
 - searching and browsing metadata across domains
 - practical experiments with standards (as LIDO and CIDOC-CRM) and RDF format/linked data have made results but there is still a lot of work to be done
 - Metadata quality is one of the main issues
- Digital infrastructures provide services that can support some of those issues



MUSEUMS



Metadata standards

- Descriptive metadata standards for example: Dublin Core, LIDO, MARC, EAD, etc.
- For digital preservation: PREMIS
- The underlying conceptual model supports contextual preservation processes = OAIS.

Digital infrastructures

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Spårvagnsmuseets samlingar, Fotograf: Ekelund, Gunnar, No known copyright restrictions

Digital infrastructure

- Basic technical infrastructure: Internet connection, capacity
- Services connected to information management, for example: storage, security, metadata crosswalk, etc. These services can be available online and support cultural heritage institutions in their work on different levels:
 - **Database/system** (services for authority files/terminologies, etc)
 - **Aggregation** (crosswalk services, SKOSifier, etc)
 - **Preservation** (preservation services, storage solutions, etc)
 - Interfaces: Creating stories/Access to contextualised information (tools for creation of the digital exhibitions, etc)

Thank you for your attention!

www.digisam.se

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Picture: karta Ornäs, Livrustkammaren, CC0